

ROYALTY QUITE BUSY

Three Kings and Five Queens Meet in England.

STATE BANQUET FOR KAISER

Windsor Caparisoned in Medieval Grandeur for Noble Function. Other Entertainments of an Informal Character—Alfonso Enjoying Freedom—Black Chiefs Arrive.

London, Nov. 16.—With three Kings, five Queens, and the usual complement of princes and princesses assembled on one small island at the same time, it might be thought that there would be more to chronicle in the way of stately functions than has been the case. This, of course, is due to the fact that the Kaiser and the Kaiserin alone are on a state visit.

As the German Emperor, the Empress, and others are traveling incognito under one or the other of the titles of nobility the usual formality is not necessary, and the usual entourage is not with them. None so rejoice at the temporary freedom of these court functions as the King and Queen of Spain, who motor about London shopping and paying visits and, in a word, have what King Alfonso would probably call a real good time. He has greatly pleased Englishmen by proving himself a first-class game shot.

During the week King Alfonso spent a day at Cambridge on a visit to his brother, who is a Trinity College undergraduate. To-morrow he and the Queen will go to Windsor to meet the Kaiser and the German Empress.

Kaiser Is Not Well.

Emperor William visited the German Embassy to-day and received addresses from the German societies of London and the councils. He seemed to be distinctly better than on his arrival in London. His voice was stronger and his appearance more healthy, but there is no doubt that he is an invalid and his visit, though one of state, is being made quiet and as little fatiguing as possible.

In shooting on the well-stocked preserves of Windsor, the Kaiser has shown that he is himself. He is wonderfully quick and accurate, and has displayed his usual skill, accounting for 700 pheasants in one day and 500 the next, seldom missing a bird.

State Banquet at Windsor.

Last night the second state banquet in the Kaiser's honor was held at Windsor. A state banquet is an imposing affair. There were 160 guests, including sixteen princes and princesses, the Kaiser's suite, the Kaiserin's suite, members of the King's household, members of the Queen's household, secretaries, equestrians, and ladies in waiting. The royal guests included representatives of the army and navy, and a few who were summoned by special invitation. The King and Queen and the Kaiser and the Empress and members of the royal family were conducted from the grand reception room to St. George's Hall by the Earl of Beauchamps, the lord steward. Viscount Althorp, the lord chamberlain, and Earl Howe, the Queen's lord chamberlain, the Queen's wonderful wealth of gold plate was displayed, and the Yeomen of the guard, in picturesque medieval uniforms, were on duty in the hall.

The banquet was served on one long table, in the middle of which the Kaiser and Queen Alexandra on one side faced King Edward and the Kaiserin on the other.

Black Chiefs Disappointed.

Queen Maud, of Norway, has been at Sandringham during the week, and, to complete the tale of royalty now in England, it is perhaps only fair to mention the arrival to-day of five black chiefs from Swaziland, who, as guests of the nation, have come to pay their respects to the King. The chiefs are evidently much disappointed with England. One remarked to-day:

"We expected to see more grand things. Nothing has astonished us as yet, but we hope to see better sights. Our chief wish is to see with our own eyes the great white king."

An amusing incident attended the departure of the Kaiser from Sandringham station this afternoon. Queen Maud of Norway was leaving at the same time, and by a mistake of the trainmen was shown into the wrong train. The Kaiser, on arriving, was astonished to find that his special was already occupied by a royal passenger. The dilemma was solved by Queen Maud, who, on discovering the error, vacated the special and made her journey by the next ordinary train, to the relief of the officials.

BETA THETA PI DINNER.

Virginia Chapter Members Present at Winter Banquet.

The Beta Theta Pi Alumni, of Washington, met for one of their winter dinners last night at the Hotel Deseret. The presence of a large number of the members of the chapter at the University of Virginia added an undergraduate zest to the enthusiasm of the occasion and helped the younger alumni to rejuvenate the goodly gathering of "Silver-Grays" and maintain the lively spirit with songs and college lullies. Speeches were made with Col. George C. Rankin as toastmaster, by Dr. W. P. Thirkield, Judge J. A. Lacey, Dr. S. S. Laws, Dr. J. G. McKay, J. D. Lasley, Prof. R. E. Schuh, and Chief Cauter. The dinner was among those present were: Messrs. S. Laws, C. C. Stauffer, B. H. Ransome, G. C. Rankin, W. P. Thirkield, J. D. Lasley, J. W. Patterson, R. E. Schuh, W. E. Lamb, E. K. Staley, F. S. Stitt, G. M. Churchill, J. G. McKay, W. P. Thirkield, E. S. Noyes, F. J. Kent, R. W. Burroughs, J. N. Myers, Jr., J. A. Lacey, H. R. Cox, W. J. Wesseler, W. C. Macfarlane, H. P. Gould, L. S. Graham, H. L. Kitzelman, R. de Lancy, and from Virginia, Messrs. Gaffney, Kelton, McConnell, Craig, Gilpin, Fryer, Sutton, Belknap, Kite, and Carrington, and Messrs. Hogan and Bayless from Baltimore.

Wanted in Trenton, N. J.

Detective Baur received a telegram from United States Attorney John B. Vreeland, of Trenton, N. J., requesting his presence before a commissioner at that place on Monday morning, when Joseph Lowenthal, wanted in this city on the charge of passing a forged check on the Second National Bank, will be given a preliminary hearing. It is probable George Kennedy and Edward Varela, who were employed as paying tellers at the bank on the occasion of the presentation of the alleged forged check, will accompany the detective to Trenton to serve as witnesses.

An Exhibit of Brasses.

There's a touch of renaissance and a strong suggestion of the Napoleonic period pervading an exhibit of brasses in the show windows of the Berry & Whitmore Co. The many reproductions of Old World styles are both interesting and attractive. Interspersed in the display are fine examples of hand-wrought jewelry, oriental in style, lavalliers, necklaces, bracelets, brooches, &c., set with jades, lapis lazuli, and chrysoprase, and other semiprecious stones.

MUSIC AND MUSICIANS

The first of a series of five concerts will be given Tuesday afternoon, at the New National Theater, by the Philadelphia Orchestra.

The excellent concerts given for the last two seasons by this organization are a guarantee of the work to be expected from them this season. There is, however, this year, the pleasurable certainty of added interest, in fact of the new conductor, Carl Pehlig, who comes with the mark of European approval, more indeed than that, for he has already made a great success in Philadelphia, and also last week in New York. Everywhere he has demonstrated that he is a fine musician, and is a splendid interpreter of orchestral music.

Mark Hambourg, the celebrated Russian pianist and soloist of the occasion, is well known here for his superb playing in the two former concerts, in which he played several years ago, he will be warmly welcomed on Tuesday next. An interesting programme has been arranged, as follows:

First symphony in C minor—Beethoven
Overture, "Tannhauser"—Wagner
To-day will be given at the parlors of the University of Music and Dramatic Art, 137 L street northwest, the first of a series of young people matinees. At these matinees, which will be given at 3:30 sharp, every third Sunday of the month throughout the winter, Mme. Marie von Tschudi will give all music lover youths accompanied with a pianist. Free tickets can be had at the office of the university.

Mrs. Clara Delano has been appointed assistant vocal teacher in the Washington College of Music.

The new musical kindergarten department, under the supervision of Miss Kepp, will open with the winter term November 25, in the Washington College of Music.

Mrs. William Arnold Kling, from New York.

A soprano soloist new to Washington audiences, and who comes with the best endorsements as to her musical ability, will sing the offertory solos both morning and evening at to-day's services of the Mount Pleasant Congregational Church.

An exceptionally enjoyable programme was rendered last Monday evening at the second public rehearsal of the Rebekah Orchestra, which Mr. H. W. Weber is director. Miss Deborah Hickman, soprano soloist, was in fine voice and acquitted herself with credit. A large crowd was in attendance and the selections were as follows:

March, "Glory of Jemstown"—Casey
Overture, "Light Cavalry"—Von Suppé
Waltz, "Georgia"—Pettee
Soprano solo, "Nita Gittan"—De Koven
Miss Deborah Hickman.

Accompanied, Miss Alberta Buehler.
Encores, "Vandenberg"—Baker
Selection, "Furze Blossoms"—Herbert
Tone poem, "Apple Blossoms"—Benedict
March, "The Riders"—Foster
Caprice, "Solitude"—Mercedale
March, "Admiral Farragut"—Clarke

The organization of the Government Printing Office Philharmonic Society.

promises to bring that great institution prominently before the public this winter as a musical center.

G. P. O. Orchestra.

"Papa's Song"—Gilchrist
Transcribing Frodo's march—Booser
Daniel N. Klapp.
"Fraise Ye the Father"—Gounod
G. P. O. Philharmonic Society.
Address: Mr. Jason Waterman.
"Cantata Dantes"—Dudley Buck
"America"—Smith
G. P. O. Philharmonic Society.
The solo parts in this concert will be sung by Miss Kate V. Ellis, soprano; Mr. Thomas L. Jones, tenor; and Mr. John R. Purvis, baritone.

Mr. Sydney Lloyd Wright, assisted by his pupil, Miss Gertrude Reuter, gave a recital at the Holy Cross Seminary on Wednesday afternoon last at 3:30 o'clock. On this occasion Miss Reuter sang a new cycle of songs, the English composer, for the first time in America.

The S. Coleridge-Taylor Choral Society will render Handel's "Messiah" on February 6, 1908, at the Metropolitan A. M. E. Church. The soloist of the occasion will be the best that can be procured.

PIMPLES, BLACKHEADS—Get Rid of All Your Face Troubles in a Few Days' Time With the Wonderful Stuart Calcium Wafers.

Trinal Package Sent Free.

You cannot have an attractive face or a beautiful complexion when your blood is in bad order and full of impurities. Impure blood means an impure face, always.

Most wonderful, as well as the most rapid, blood cleanser is Stuart's Calcium Wafers. You use them for a few days, and the difference tells in your face right away.

Most blood purifiers and skin treatments are full of poison. Stuart's Calcium Wafers are guaranteed free from any poison, mercury, drug, or opiate. They are as harmless as water, but the results are astonishing.

The worst cases of skin diseases have been cured in a week by this quick-acting remedy. It contains the most effective working power of any purifier ever discovered—calcium sulphide. Most blood and skin treatments are terribly slow. Stuart's Calcium Wafers have cured boils in 3 days. Every particle of impurity is driven out of your system completely, without return, and it is done without deranging your system in the slightest.

No matter what your trouble is, whether pimples, blotches, blackheads, rash, tetter, eczema, or scabby crusts, you can solemly depend upon Stuart's Calcium Wafers to cure you.

Don't be any longer humiliated by having a splotchy face. Don't have strangers stare at you, or allow your friends to be ashamed of you because of your face. Your blood makes you what you are. The men and women who force ahead as those with pure blood and pure faces. Did you ever stop to think of that?

Stuart's Calcium Wafers are absolutely harmless, but the results—mighty satisfying to you even at the end of a week. They will make you happy because your face will be a welcome sight not only to yourself when you look in the glass, but to everybody else who knows you and talks with you.

We want to prove to you that Stuart's Calcium Wafers are beyond doubt the best and quickest blood and skin purifier in the world—so we send you a free sample as soon as we get your name and address. Send for it to-day, and then when you have tried the sample you will not rest contented until you have bought a box at your druggist.

Send us your name and address to-day and we will at once send you by mail a sample package, free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., 176 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

GROW FRUIT IN CUBA

Product Is Fast Taking the Place of Sugar.

WASHINGTON MEN INTERESTED

Name Adopted by Corporation Made Up Largely of Residents of This City Is "The Havana-Washington Fruit Company," Which Purposes to Cultivate Large Tract of Land.

"The Havana-Washington Fruit Company" is the name adopted by a corporation made up largely of Washington residents, which purposes to cultivate a large tract of land in Cuba and derive profit from growing citrus fruits in the Queen of the Antilles. The company has in its control a tract of land measuring 1,128 acres, which will be planted to pineapples, lemons, grapefruit, and oranges.

The company is making announcement of its plans through the advertising columns of The Washington Herald. Bonds are being sold to raise the necessary money to develop the plantation, and it is expected that within about three years a handsome profit will begin to be received from the young fruit trees to be planted. According to all precedents of fruit culture in Cuba and elsewhere, the returns upon the investment within a reasonable time should become of great value to the investors.

Not Far from Havana.

The plantation of the Havana-Washington Fruit Company is situated about thirty-five miles from Havana, to the westward, on the north coast of Cuba, and the fact is apparent that it has special natural facilities for the shipment of the product direct to the markets in this country. The plantation is adjacent to the town of Mariel, in the district of the same name, in the province of Pinar del Rio. A splendid macadam road passes through the plantation, the regular highway between Havana and Mariel, situated on the Bay of Mariel, which has one of the best natural harbors on the coast of Cuba.

When operations have been started a short trolley road, or the ancient mule and cart, will convey the fruit grown by the company less than four miles to the side of the ship for loading.

It is the purpose of the company to plant 300 acres to pineapples, 200 acres to lemons, 200 acres to grapefruit, and 200 acres to oranges. The pineapple crop will become profitable within about a year after planting. Three years are required to bring the citrus fruit trees to the bearing age, and as they become larger the profits from them will increase rapidly. In Cuba there is no winter, and the tropical fruits which are sometimes destroyed by frost in Florida and California will be forever immune from that fate.

Will Issue Bonds.

One feature of financing the enterprise is interesting. The company proposes to issue bonds for the early development of the plantation, and after paying the interest on this issue of bonds, the profits of the business for the first few years will be used to retire these bonds, in the process of which each holder will receive divided bearing stock, which will be in the nature of a gratuity growing out of the profits of the plantation.

It is claimed that the 1,128-acre plantation of the company in Cuba is one of the richest tracts in Cuba, and well adapted to citrus fruit culture. The climate of Cuba is found to be better adapted to the growth of these fruits than that of almost any other known country. It has forever the climate of summer. Periodical rains drain the soil, and this particular plantation has small streams running through it which make simple and perfect the natural supply of water to tide the orchards through the dry season. The climate of Cuba is marked by a temperature of 84 degrees minimum and a maximum of 92 degrees. The average year in and out is probably about 85. Cuba is known to the world as one of its great sugar plantations. In all its history under the dominion of Spain it was the theater of operations for the sugar planter and the tobacco raiser. It is only since the Spanish-American war that its possibilities as a fruit-growing region have been recognized. In all its history under the dominion of Spain it was the theater of operations for the sugar planter and the tobacco raiser.

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The R. P. Andrews Paper Co., Largest Dealers South of New York, Announce the Greatest

Stationery Sale

Ever Held in Washington.

F. B. Nichols' Entire Stock of High-grade Stationery and Office Supplies at Cost and Less.

Sale Starts Monday at 9 a.m., 913 E St.

We bought Mr. Nichols' entire stock at our own figures, and offer it to you at less than first cost. Business men, stenographers, students, school children—every man, woman, and child in Washington who uses stationery—cannot afford to let this opportunity pass unnoticed. Lay in a good supply while this sale lasts, but let us suggest, the first choice is always best. Read the items below—a few of the real bargains to be found in this "grand clean-up sale." Get in early to-morrow—we'll be busy.

Writing Paper, Envelopes, and Office Supplies Reduced Like This:

25c pound papers, reduced to.....	18c	50c box papers, 24 sheets and 24 envelopes, reduced to.....	35c	Stenographers' note books, regular 5c values, reduced to 3 for.....	10c
Envelopes to match; regular price 10c pack; two packages for.....	15c	35c box papers and envelopes, reduced to.....	25c	Typewriter paper, 8x11, regular \$1.00 values, 500 sheets.....	69c
20c pound papers, reduced to.....	12c	25c box papers and envelopes, reduced to.....	18c	Carbon paper, regular \$2.50 quality, reduced to.....	\$1.50
Envelopes to match, two packages.....	12c	20c box papers and envelopes, reduced to.....	12c	All 10c memo. books reduced to.....	5c
15c pound papers, reduced to.....	8c	15c box papers and envelopes, reduced to.....	10c	All 5c memo. books reduced to.....	3c
Envelopes to match, reduced to.....	5c	60c linen cloth envelopes, box of 250, reduced to.....	35c	5c rubber erasers, reduced to.....	3c
Fine black ink, regular 50c per pack, reduced to.....	27c	Pencils, regularly priced at 50c doz., reduced to.....	33c	Fine quality assorted pens, regular 60c quality, per gross.....	35c

Other General Office Supplies at 60 per cent Less Than Regular Prices.

Playing Cards Underpriced.

A fine line of 15c playing cards; enameled; reduced to.....	7½c
All 25c playing cards reduced to.....	16c
50c playing cards; fancy backs; fine quality; reduced to.....	32c

Store Fixtures For Sale.

R. P. Andrews Paper Co.,

Remember, This Sale Takes Place at 913 E Street N. W.

PUZZLE IN THE PEACE PACT

How to Enforce Agreement Question Before Delegates.

Conference Members Expected to Reach Solution Early This Week or Admit Failure.

Nothing official was done yesterday by the delegates to the Central American Peace Conference, which will resume its sessions to-morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Conferences between the delegates from the five countries, however, took place at their hotels, and it is certain that it will not take the conference long now to get to the point where they will conclude a binding agreement of some kind or admit their inability to do so. After the straight-out way in which Secretary Root addressed the meeting at its preliminary session, there is no question but that an effort will be made to agree upon some method for the arbitration of future disputes, and the enforcement without giving to some one nation military preponderance. How an agreement will be made so that it can be enforced if the time shall come is the matter that is puzzling the delegates.

A treaty, "written in water," as some in the past were characterized by Secretary Root, will not suffice after this meeting and after the protestations made by the delegates that they will give concessions if necessary to reach some conclusion. Some of the nations would like to have an arrangement whereby the United States and Mexico would, in a measure, insure the peace of the countries, but there will be no such provision accepted by the two nations in question.

Some time, shortly, possibly this week, the delegates will be entertained at dinner by Secretary Root, and two other official functions in which they will participate before the conference closes will be dinners by Assistant Secretary Bacon and Ambassador Creel.

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PLACE TO SAVE EARNINGS

New Dime Savings Bank Opens Its Doors December 2.

Temporary Location in the Ouray Building—For Persons of Small Means.

The Dime Savings Bank of Washington, which has secured a temporary location in the Ouray Building, at Eighth and G streets, will open for business Monday, December 2. For this occasion attractive and unique souvenirs have been prepared for distribution among the patrons of the bank, and those who may have interest enough in the enterprise to call upon the officers and learn the plans for depositing savings in this new institution among the banks of Washington.

The dime savings bank is a new thing for the Capital, though it has been in successful operation in other cities for several years. This bank will appeal specially to the person of small means, and such will be the working plan that the bank with its 10 cents to start an account will be just as welcome as the man with big bills and a yellow leather book in one of the big banks.

The idea of this form of savings has been worked out by some of the representative business men of Washington. From the first the idea seemed to strike a popular chord, and while several months have been consumed in perfecting the plans, the bank could have been started months ago, if financial and moral support had been the only matters involved.

It was thought best to place the institution on a firm foundation, and to this end great care has been taken at every step in the process of incorporation and establishment of the bank. It is thought it will start about as near perfect as such an institution can be made. It is the purpose of the founders to start, and stay in business many years.

Deposits as small as 10 cents will be received, and 3 per cent interest will be paid thereon. In addition to the savings system will be facilities for commercial accounts of large and small volume to accommodate specially those who may desire to deposit their salaries, to be used later in the payment of current bills by check.

Among the officers and directors of the bank may be mentioned the following: Maurice D. Rosenberg, of the firm of Wolf & Rosenberg, attorneys, president; John B. Harrell, a citizen of East Washington, vice president; Daniel W. Baker, district attorney, first vice president; John F. Collins, prominent in Pension Office circles, auditor; William Montgomery, well-known in the Masonic order, secretary; Alexander Wolf, general counsel; John M. Riordan, who was formerly connected with the National Capital Bank, cashier.

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